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Environmental Protection Agency

To conduct a per- formance test for the following pollutant	Using	You must perform the following activities, as applicable to your input- or output-based emission limit	Using ²
5. Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂).	SO ₂ CEMS	a. Install, certify, operate, and maintain the CEMS.	§§ 63.10010(a) and (f).
		b. Install, operate, and maintain the dil- uent gas, flow rate, and/or moisture monitoring systems.	
		 Convert hourly emissions concentra- tions to 30 boiler operating day rolling average lb/MMBtu or lb/MWh emis- sions rates. 	Method 19 F-factor methodology at Appendix A-7 to part 60 of this chapter, or calculate using mass emissions rate and electrical output data (see § 63.10007(e)).

¹ Regarding emissions data collected during periods of startup or shutdown, see §§ 63.10020(b) and (c) and § 63.10021(h).
² See Tables 1 and 2 to this subpart for required sample volumes and/or sampling run times.
³ Incorporated by reference, see § 63.14.
⁴ When using ASTM D6348-03, the following conditions must be met: (1) The test plan preparation and implementation in the Annexes to ASTM D6348-03. Sections A1 through A8 are mandatory; (2) For ASTM D6348-03 Annex A5 (Analyte Spiking Technique), the percent (%)R must be determined for each target analyte (see Equation A5.5); (3) For the ASTM D6348-03 test data to be acceptable for a target analyte, %R must be 70% ≤ R ≤ 130%; and (4) The %R value for each compound must be reported in the test report and all field measurements corrected with the calculated %R value for that compound using the following equation:

Reported Result =
$$\frac{\text{(Measured Concentration in Stack)}}{\%R} \times 100$$

[77 FR 9464, Feb. 16, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 24091, Apr. 24, 2013]

TABLE 6 TO SUBPART UUUUU OF PART 63—ESTABLISHING PM CPMS OPERATING LIMITS

As stated in §63.10007, you must comply with the following requirements for establishing operating limits:

If you have an applicable emission limit for	And you choose to establish PM CPMS operating limits, you must	And	Using	According to the following procedures
Filterable Particulate matter (PM), total non-mercury HAP metals, individual non-mercury HAP metals, total HAP metals, or individual HAP metals for an existing EGU.	Install, certify, maintain, and operate a PM CPMS for monitoring emissions discharged to the atmosphere according to § 63.10010(h)(1).	Establish a site-specific operating limit in units of PM CPMS output signal (e.g., milliamps, mg/acm, or other raw signal).	Data from the PM CPMS and the PM or HAP metals per- formance tests.	Collect PM CPMS output data during the entire period of the performance tests. Record the average hourly PM CPMS output for each test run in the three run performance test. Determine the highest 1-hour average PM CPMS measured during the performance test demonstrating compliance with the filterable PM or HAP metals emissions limitations.

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If you have an applicable emission limit for	And you choose to establish PM CPMS operating limits, you must	And	Using	According to the following procedures
2. Filterable Particulate matter (PM), total non-mercury HAP metals, individual non-mercury HAP metals, total HAP metals, or individual HAP metals for a new EGU.	Install, certify, maintain, and operate a PM CPMS for monitoring emissions discharged to the atmosphere according to § 63.10010(h)(1).	Establish a site-specific operating limit in units of PM CPMS output signal (e.g., milliamps, mg/acm, or other raw signal).	Data from the PM CPMS and the PM or HAP metals per- formance tests.	Collect PM CPMS output data during the entire period of the performance tests. Record the average hourly PM CPMS output for each test run in the performance test. Determine the PM CPMS operating limit in accordance with the requirements of § 63.10023(b)(2) from data obtained during the performance test demonstrating compliance with the filterable PM or HAP metals emissions limitations.

[78 FR 24091, Apr. 24, 2013]

Table 7 to Subpart UUUUU of Part 63—Demonstrating Continuous Compliance

As stated in $\S63.10021$, you must show continuous compliance with the emission limitations for affected sources according to the following:

If you use one of the following to meet applicable emissions limits, operating limits, or work practice standards	You demonstrate continuous compliance by
 CEMS to measure filterable PM, SO₂, HCI, HF, or Hg emissions, or using a sorbent trap monitoring system to measure Hq. 	Calculating the 30- (or 90-) boiler operating day rolling arithmetic average emissions rate in units of the applicable emissions standard basis at the end of each boiler operating day using all of the quality assured hourly average CEMS or sorbent trap data for the previous 30- (or 90-) boiler operating days, excluding data recorded during periods of startup or shutdown.
PM CPMS to measure compliance with a parametric operating limit.	Calculating the 30- (or 90-) boiler operating day rolling arithmetic average of all of the quality assured hourly average PM CPMS output data (e.g., milliamps, PM concentration, raw data signal) collected for all operating hours for the previous 30- (or 90-) boiler operating days, excluding data recorded during periods of startup or shutdown.
 Site-specific monitoring using CMS for liquid oil-fired EGUs for HCl and HF emission limit monitoring. 	If applicable, by conducting the monitoring in accordance with an approved site-specific monitoring plan.
Quarterly performance testing for coal-fired, solid oil derived fired, or liquid oil-fired EGUs to measure compliance with one or more non-PM (or its alternative emission limits) applicable emissions limit in Table 1 or 2, or PM (or its alternative emission limits) applicable emission limit in Table 2.	Calculating the results of the testing in units of the applicable emissions standard.
Conducting periodic perform- ance tune-ups of your EGU(s).	Conducting periodic performance tune-ups of your EGU(s), as specified in §63.10021(e).
Work practice standards for coal-fired, liquid oil-fired, or solid oil-derived fuel-fired EGUs during startup.	Operating in accordance with Table 3.
 Work practice standards for coal-fired, liquid oil-fired, or solid oil-derived fuel-fired EGUs during shutdown. 	Operating in accordance with Table 3.